



## Summary Feedback

### ST1: Two Year Teaching Programme

#### Session 8.2: Chest – Lung Infections & Tumours

(5<sup>th</sup> May 2022)

Delivered By:

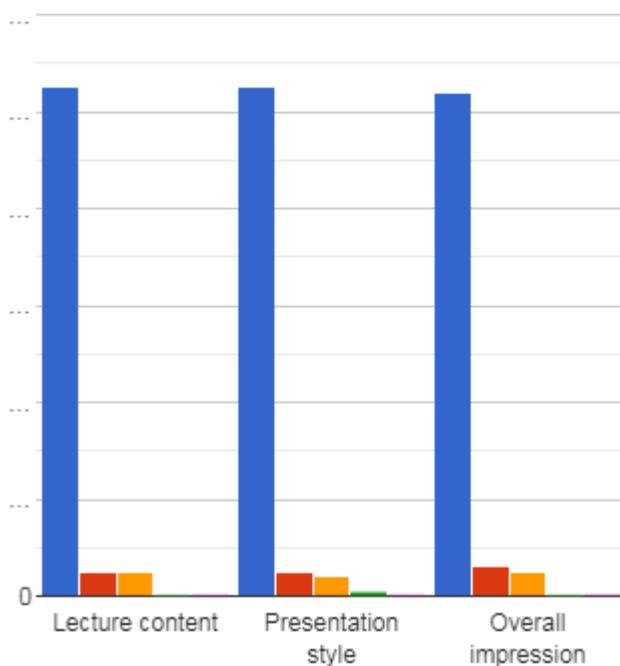
(Samavia Raza)

#### Summary Points:

- ST1-ST4 teaching session 8.2: 3 hours teaching time
- Total Attendees: 383 from 32 Countries (Bahrain, Bangladesh, Canada, China, Czech Republic, Egypt, Ghana, Hong Kong, India, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Kuwait, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Turkey, UAE, UK, USA, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe).
- Total feedback received from 115 participants

Please rate the following aspects of the session

Excellent    Very good    Good  
Satisfactory    Poor



## Session 8.2: Chest - Lung Infections & Tumours

Did you find it useful  
115 responses

● Yes  
● No



### Testimonials

- "The description of lung nodules was the most valuable aspect. Ma'am Samavia's habit of taking questions side by side is so great. She always takes us with her at same pace of mental activity" (Pakistan).
- Cleared up lots of questions that I had regarding lung nodules!!! (UK).
- Dr Raza was an excellent presenter and gave the audience the opportunity to ask questions (UK).
- Very thorough and detailed explanations of the pathology and scores (UK).
- Excellent. Superb. After Dr Khan, Ma'am Samavia really inspired me a lot in the way she delivers lectures and explains almost everything (Pakistan).
- Very concise. I loved Dr Samavia's approach and how she frequently reminds to have an open mind and not to quickly dismiss a particular disease" (Malaysia).
- Excellent teaching sessions by Dr khan and his brilliant team (Pakistan).
- Simple, superb and useful for both clinical practice and FRCR (India).
- Very much impressed (Myanmar).
- Too wonderful (Pakistan).
- Looking forward to more sessions by Dr. Khan and his team (Saudi Arabia).
- "Excellent teaching session, Much appreciated" (Egypt).
- Awesome session (India).
- Excellent lecture (Egypt).
- Excellent teaching session (Algeria).
- Great session (India).
- Outstanding (Pakistan).
- Great especially with returning to work following maternity leave, perfect knowledge refresher to practice safely (UK).
- Very informative session (Pakistan).
- Great lecture (Kenya).
- Fantastic (UK).
- Absolutely interesting (Nigeria).
- Really interesting and informative. Thanks so much! (UK).
- Great learning experience (Kenya).

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- It's wonderful (Egypt).
- Useful cases with good learning points, Thank you (UK).
- Well organized (UK).
- Nice lecture (Iraq).
- Good for junior grades (UK).
- Amazing teaching (Egypt).
- "The practicality in daily work
- Perfect coverage (UK).
- Every aspect was valuable (Pakistan).
- I liked the explanations of the guidelines (Kenya).
- Very good points (UAE).
- Great especially with returning to work following maternity leave, perfect knowledge refresher to practice safely (UK).
- I liked the gentle way of delivery (Pakistan).
- Excellent content and explanation. Wonderful session. Interactive (UK).
- Great job (Iraq).

**BTS guidelines**

Solid non-calcified nodule(s) on CT

Clear features of benign disease\*, or nodule <5mm diameter (or <80mm<sup>3</sup>) or patient unfit for any treatment? Yes → Discharge

No

Previous imaging? Yes → Assess risk of lung cancer according to surveillance algorithm 2

No

Nodule <8mm diameter or <300mm<sup>3</sup> volume? Yes → CT surveillance (algorithm 2)

No

Assess risk using Brock model

<10% risk of malignancy<sup>‡</sup> → CT surveillance (algorithm 2)

≥10% risk of malignancy

PET-CT with risk assessment using Herder model (provided size is greater than local PET-CT threshold)

<10% risk of malignancy → CT surveillance (algorithm 2)

10-70% risk of malignancy → Consider image-guided biopsy; other options are excision biopsy or CT surveillance guided by individual risk and patient preference.

>70% risk of malignancy → Consider excision or non-surgical treatment (+/- image-guided biopsy)

\*e.g. hamartoma, typical peri-fissural nodule  
‡ Consider PET-CT for larger nodules in young patients with low risk by Brock score as this score was developed in screening cohort (50-75 years) so performance in younger patients unproven.

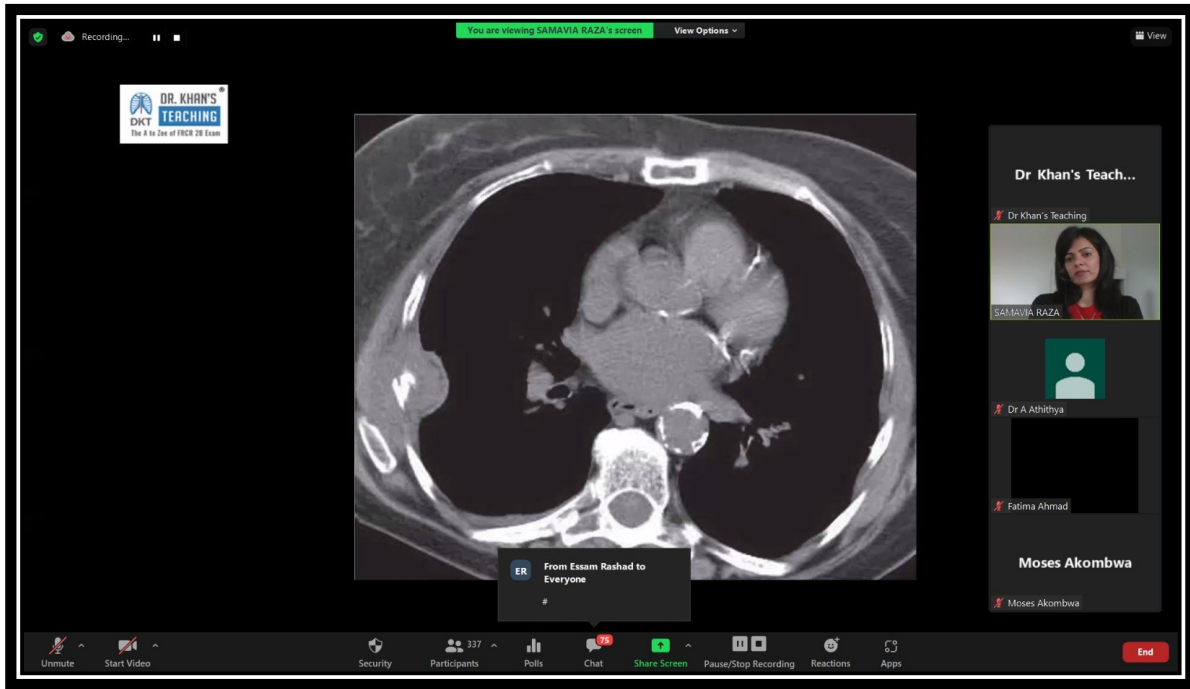
Recording... You are viewing SAMAVIA RAZA's screen View Options

DR. KHAN'S TEACHING  
The A to Z of FRCS 2B Exam

Dr Khan's Teach...  
Dr Khan's Teaching  
SAMAVIA RAZA  
Dr A Athithya  
Moses Akombwa  
Moses Akombwa  
Eram Afreen Ab...  
Eram Afreen Abbasi

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